A Complete Guide to Commercial Solar Panels for Businesses and Real Estate: Costs, Benefits and Guidelines





Introduction

Commercial solar panels are transforming how property owners think about energy, sustainability, and investment value. Whether you're managing a corporate headquarters, an industrial site, or a commercial real estate portfolio, solar energy can deliver powerful financial returns and environmental impact

By installing solar panels on commercial buildings, property owners can unlock **stable**, **double-digit returns over 25–30 years**, and boost asset value all while improving ESG performance and long-term sustainability credentials.

If you're ready to join the rooftop revolution but unsure where to begin, this guide will help you understand every aspect of commercial solar panels from costs and financing to installation and maintenance tailored specifically for businesses and commercial real estate owners.

In this guide:

- What are commercial solar panels?
- Benefits for commercial real estate
- How much do commercial solar panels cost?
- How can I finance commercial solar panels?
- Operation and maintenance
- Choosing a trusted solar installer
- Are commercial solar panels worth it?
- Conclusion



What are commercial solar panels?

Commercial solar panels are photovoltaic (PV) systems that generate electricity by converting sunlight into energy. They're most often installed "behind the meter", meaning the power generated is used directly on-site ideal for reducing dependence on grid electricity.

For commercial real estate, solar installations offer dual benefits:

- Lower operating costs for tenants (through reduced service charges or energy bills).
- Increased property value and attractiveness for investors and occupiers committed to sustainability.

Rooftop systems, car ports and ground mounts are all areas in which to install solar and reap the rewards. Utilising unused roof and ground space around warehouses, factories, retail parks, logistics centres, and office buildings. Panels typically measure around 1.7m x 1.1m, weigh about 20 kg, and generate 400–500 watts per panel.

The size of the system depends on roof area, energy demand, and budget with installations often ranging from hundreds to thousands of panels.



Why Solar Makes Sense for Commercial Real Estate

For landlords, developers, and investors, solar panels deliver clear commercial property advantages:

- Enhanced Asset Value; Buildings with integrated renewable energy systems command higher valuations, rent increases and yield stronger investor interest.
- Improved EPC Ratings; Solar power helps improve Energy Performance Certificates (EPCs), a key requirement under UK regulations.
- Tenant Retention; Lower energy costs make your properties more attractive to sustainability-focused occupiers who are more likely to be retained due to lower operating costs and/or extend leases.
- ESG Compliance; Solar adoption supports corporate net-zero goals and sustainability reporting for portfolios.



How Much Do Commercial Solar Panels Cost?

As with most infrastructure investments, the answer depends on several factors — including system size, roof condition, and electrical integration.

A system's size is measured in kilowatts peak (kWp), the rate of power output at maximum performance. For instance:



Although these figures may appear significant, you'll make your money back faster than you might think. It's typical to break even in 2-4 years and benefit from long term stable returns for decades to come. Solar power is the cheapest electricity in history, according to the IEA, making it significantly cheaper and cleaner than generating electricity from fossil fuels

For commercial landlords, solar installations can also increase rental yields by lowering tenant energy costs or enabling green leases with shared energy benefits.



Flexible Funding, Scalable Solutions

For commercial landlords, the investment case for solar PV is compelling. Well-designed systems can deliver double-digit annual returns, outperforming many traditional real estate investments while enhancing ESG performance and EPC ratings.

There are several funding routes available, each offering different levels of control, risk, and reward including landlord-funded options and tenant funded options.

Landlord-Funded Options

The landlord finances the installation and passes benefits to the tenant through rent adjustments, lease extensions, or a power purchase agreement (PPA). Long-term operation and maintenance (O&M) responsibilities should be clearly defined from the outset.

Landlord Capex

The landlord invests directly in the system and can recover or monetise the cost through:

Rent Adjustment – Recover costs via a structured rent increase or service charge while tenants benefit from lower-cost, renewable electricity.

Lease Extension Incentive – Use solar PV as a strategic negotiation tool to encourage lease renewals or extensions while delivering energy savings and boosting the asset's sustainability profile.

Landlord PPA

The landlord installs and owns the system, selling electricity directly to the tenant at a discounted rate compared to grid import. This provides a predictable income stream and improves tenant retention, though it introduces additional administrative responsibilities such as billing and ongoing O&M management.



Flexible Funding, Scalable Solutions

Tenant-Funded Options

The tenant funds and typically owns the system, benefiting from all generated energy and available tax reliefs (often worth around 25% of capital costs through capital allowances). O&M obligations sit with the tenant.

Tenant Capex

The tenant self-funds the investment, capturing energy savings and tax benefits while assuming full maintenance responsibility.

Fully Funded Solutions

When capital budgets are constrained, third-party finance enables installation with zero upfront cost. These models are typically cash-flow positive from day one, with electricity savings exceeding financing or PPA payments.

Practical Considerations

Clear definition of long-term maintenance responsibilities is essential. In most cases, it is practical for the tenant to manage O&M under existing building maintenance obligations. Landlords should also consider the legal and administrative complexity of each route.

A licence to alter under a tenant-funded model is generally simpler than funding arrangements involving land registry charges or security interests, which may complicate future disposals or refinancing.



Maintenance and Operations

Commercial solar panels are low maintenance, but regular servicing ensures optimal performance and protects your investment. It also ensures system safety and any risks are minimised, for example, fire risks.

Key maintenance activities include:

- System monitoring for fault detection
- Annual inspections and electrical testing
- Cleaning where required (depending on site conditions)

Well maintained systems consistently outperform neglected ones. For instance, neglecting maintenance can lead to severe performance loss costing tens or even hundreds of thousands in lost savings annually.



Choosing the Right Solar Installer

Selecting an experienced, accredited installer is critical. Your installer should have a proven record in commercial and real estate-scale projects and hold certifications such as:

Electrical: NICEIC, NAPIT, ECA

Solar: MCS, RECC, SEUK

✓ Health & Safety: SafeContractor, CHAS, Constructionline

Key questions to ask include:

- Experience Have they delivered projects for similar property types or portfolios?
- Engineering Can they demonstrate the in-house technical know-how?
- Longevity How long has the business been around and do they provide ongoing O&M?

The right partner will help design, install, and maintain a system that maximises returns and tenant satisfaction.



Are Commercial Solar Panels Worth It?

In short, absolutely.

Whether you own or manage a commercial property, solar energy delivers measurable returns through:

- Rent increases and rent retention
- Improved EPC ratings
- Increased asset value
- Enhanced ESG performance
- Reduced carbon emissions

Typical system lifespans are 25–30 years, with some still operating efficiently after 40.

In today's energy-conscious market, solar-powered commercial buildings attract premium tenants and investors — making this one of the smartest infrastructure upgrades available.

Conclusion

Commercial solar panels represent a long-term, stable, and strategic investment for commercial real estate owners. With the right partner, you can access the full financial, operational, and environmental benefits of clean, self-generated energy.

At Ineco Energy, we specialise in designing, supplying, and installing commercial solar systems across the UK — from business rooftops to solar carports, canopies, and ground-mounted solar farms.

We're accredited by NICEIC, MCS, Safe Contractor, CHAS, and Constructionline, ensuring every project meets the highest standards of quality and compliance.



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Clean energy for better business and a better world

Ready to enhance your property's value with solar energy?

Call Us +44 29 2002 1777

Email Us info@inecoenergy.com

